

# ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
FOR THE YEAR 1970



# ABRAM URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

#### MEMBERS

Joseph Ashurst

Daniel Beardsmore

Harold E. Brown

Ronald Carver

Daniel Hayes

Ernest P. Houghton

Arthur H. Miller

George H. Simm

William Whittle

William Wright, J.P.

During 1970 the Health Committee, under the chairmanship of Councillor J. Ashurst, was composed of all members of the Council.

#### **OFFICERS**

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH:

(Divisional Medical Officer,
No.8 Health Division,
Lancashire County Council.)

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTORS:
(Joint use with Hindley
U.D.C.)

J.H.M. ROBERTSON, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. (to 31.8.1970)

P. LEE, B.Sc., M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. (from 1.9.1970)

Divisional Health Office, 3, King Street, Wigan, Lancs.

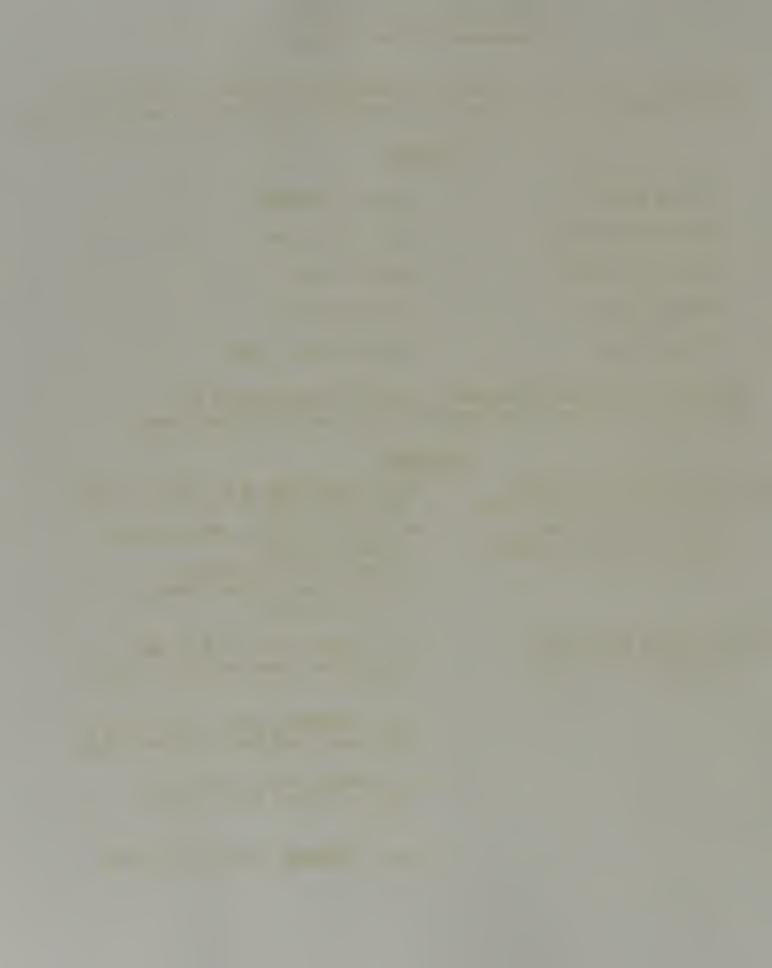
Tel: WIGAN 44208.

J.T. HAMPSON, Cert. R.S.H. and S.I.E.J.B., Meat and Smoke Certs. R.S.H.

G.A. PILKINGTON, Cert. P.H.I.E.B., Meat and Other Foods Diploma R.S.H.

T. SPEAKMAN, Cert. P.H.I.E.B., Meat and Other Foods Diploma R.S.H.

R.A.P. THOMPSON, Diploma P.H.I.E.B.



### ABRAM URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

To the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee.

Gentlemen.

I have the honour of submitting to you the Annual Report on the health of the District for the year 1970.

As in previous years it has been compiled in accordance with instructions from the Ministry of Health.

I would like this opportunity to express my gratitude for the continuing assistance and co-operation received from the Officers of the Council and particularly Mr. Pilkington, Public Health Inspector, for his unfailing support.

I also respectfully wish to offer to Members of the Council my appreciation for the courtesy and encouragement given to me at all times.

I am, Gentlemen,
Yours faithfully,
P. LEE,

Medical Officer of Health.

#### STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area: 1,984 acres.

Population (Census, 1961): 6,180. Estimated Mid-1970 (Registrar-General): 6,420.

Number of inhabited houses at end of 1970 according to Rate Book: 2,219 Rateable Value: £128,791.

Sum represented by a Penny Rate: £490.

The District is mainly residential, the majority of the houses being terraced and following the routes of the main roads through the district.

The chief industries in the area are coal mining, food canning and light engineering, in addition, agriculture and dairy farming are carried on in the district.

	VITAL STATISTICS.			
		Male	Female	Total
Live Births:				
Legitimate	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	66	53	119
Illegitimate	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u>3</u> 69	2	5
	Total	69	55	124
Still Births:				
Legitimate		•••	•••	•
Illegitimate	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	tus Standard and standard	***	**
	Total	***		***
Deaths of Infants  l yr. of age:	under			
Legitimate	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	2	3
-		***	•••	
· ·	Total	1	2	3
Deaths of Infants 4 weeks of age:	under			
Legitimate	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	2	3
Illegitimate	•••••	-	-	
	Total	1	2	3
Deaths of Infants  1 week of age:	under			
Legitimate		1	1	2
	••••••	446	-	-
	Total	1	1	2
	from all causes	A 650		
and at all	ages	47	28	75

# Vital Statistics, 1970.

# Mortality rates per 1,000 est. population -

Total (all forms) - Crude rate	• • •	11.7 16.1 - 2.6
Live Birth rates per 1,000 est. population - Crude rate Adjusted rate	• • •	19.3 19.3
Stillbirth rate per 1,000 total births	 Male	- Female Total
Total live and stillbirths	69	55 124
Maternal mortality rate per 1,000 total births	•••	Nil
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 <u>live</u> births	• • •	24.0
Neo-natal mortality rate per 1,000 <u>live</u> births	• • •	24.0
Early neo-natal mortality rate per 1,000 <u>live</u> births	• • •	16.0
Perinatal mortality rate per 1,000 total births	• • •	16.0

THE FOLLOWING TABLE SHOWS COMPARATIVE STATISTICS IN RESPECT OF THE YEARS 1965-70.

-								
ality Neo-Natal	Rate per 1000 live births	24.0	16.0	Lin	Lin	LiN	19.2	7.0
Infant Mortality tal Neo-N	No. of deaths regis-	3	2	LiN	LiN	LiN	8	1
nfant l	Rate per 1000 live births	24.0	25.0	LiN	19.8	LiN	57.7	20.5
Inf	No.of deaths regis- tered.	3	3	Nil	7	Nil	9	1
nal lity	Rate per 1000 total births	Nil	LiN	Nil	Nil	LiN	Nil	Nil
Maternal Mortality	No. of deaths registered.	LiN	LiN	LiN	LiN	Lin	Nil	1
11 hs	Rate per 1000 total births	1	24.0	0.6	29.0	6.6	Lin	14.4
Still Births	No. Regis- tered.	Nil	3	۲	3	Н	Nil	i
ths auses)	Rate per 1000 Popn.	*16.1	15.4	16.9	17.5	12.9	16.4	15.8
Deaths (all cause	No. Regis- tered.	75	7.1	75	78	57	73	ŧ
133	Rate per 1000 Popn.	*19.3	19.4	16.9	16.3	16.4	17.0	17.2
Live Births	No. Regis- tered.	124	122	105	101	100	104	ars
		Year 1970	Year 1969	Year 1968	Year 1967	Year 1966	Year 1965	Avge. 5 years 1965-1969

\*Adjusted live birth rate (comparability factor, 1.00) Adjusted death rate (comparability factor, 1.38)

In the next table are shown the causes of death and the number of deaths from each cause in 1970 as compared with 1969.

# TABLE B.

Qualitate-regarding department						
Causes of Death	M.	1969 F.	Ttl.	M.	1970 F.	Ttl.
Malignant neoplasms - intestime	-3 -2 -4 1 1 -3 4 1 1 1	1 - 4 3 - 2 2 1 3 4 7 2 - 2 1 1	-4 -2 4 7 1 3 2 3 11 7 8 2 -3 6 1 2 2 -1 1 1	- 2 6 - 4 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 3	1 3 2 4 2 5 2 - 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 - 2 6 3 6 1 - 1 16 3 7 3 1 3 9 3 1 - 1 2 2 4 -
Total:	38	33	71	47	28	75

# 2. GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA.

#### Laboratory Facilities.

Bacteriological examinations have been carried out at the Public Health Laboratories at Fulwood, Preston, and at Wigan Infirmary. The arrangements are convenient and satisfactory.

The following specimens were submitted for examination by the Public Health Dapartment:-

2 Samples of water 64 " of milk 5 " of ice-cream

Chemical examinations are carried out by the City Analyst's Department, Liverpool Corporation. Two samples of water were submitted during the year for analysis.

#### Ambulance Arrangements.

The Lancashire County Council ambulance service removes all infectious, non-infectious, accident and maternity cases to hospitals, clinics, etc.

Ambulances stationed at Hindley and Ashton-in-Makerfield serve Abram, Bickershaw and Bamfurlong Wards, whilst ambulances stationed in Leigh usually deal with cases in the Plank Lane Ward; the service is quite adequate and operates with speed and efficiency.

# Hospitals.

There is no hospital within the district and facilities for treatment are, in most cases, provided at Whelley Isolation Hospital and Astley Sanatorium for infectious diseases, and at Leigh and Wigan Infirmaries and Billinge Hospital for general medical treatment.

Maternity cases are provided for at the Billinge Hospital where a modern and well-equipped maternity block is maintained, special facilities for the treatment of nervous disorders are also available at this hospital.

Patients suffering from tuberculosis and other respiratory diseases are catered for at the Chest Clinic in Wigan and at special hospitals situated in various parts of the County.

#### Maternity and Child Welfare.

The Maternity and Child Welfare Centre is maintained by the County Council, the Divisional Health Committee and the Divisional Medical Officer being responsible for its administration.

On 15th May, 1967 the Clinic was transferred to Platt House, Platt Bridge, where an Ante-Natal Clinic and Child Welfare Clinic are now held.

Ante-Natal Clinics are held on Friday l.p.m. to 4.p.m. Expectant mothers are invited to the Clinic staffed by Midwives where advice can be given or referred for treatment. The development of a Maternity Unit at Billinge Hospital has resulted in some withdrawal of Consultant Staff from Local Health Authority Clinics. This redeployment of personnel is felt by the Hospital Staff to locate the Specialist where their skill and experience can be of greatest value. This change of policy is reflected in the fall of attendances at the clinic as some mothers now have to attend Billinge Hospital Ante-Natal Clinic for Consultant advice.

Child Welfare Clinics are held each Wednesday 1.30.p.m. to 4.p.m. each session is attended by the Assistant Divisional Medical Officer.

Mothers of infants or children under school age are advised on such matters as feeding, general care of child, the desirability of obtaining medical treatment and, in this last respect, it is emphasized that responsibility for giving such treatment rests with the General Practitioner.

Diphtheria, whooping cough, tetanus immunisations and vaccination against smallpox and poliomyelitis are performed at the Clinic. Many parents take advantage of this service to protect their children but every effort should be made to maintain a high level of protection in the community.

NOTE: The Health Visitor is in attendance at the Clinic each morning from 9.a.m. to 10.a.m. to give advice. 'Phone No. Wigan 66380.

#### 3. SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

#### Water supply.

The Statutory Water Undertaker is the Makerfield Water Board which is responsible for providing the district with a sufficient and wholesome supply of water.

The district is supplied with water from two sources. The whole of the Bickershaw Ward and the part of the Abram Brow Ward to the north of the Parish Church is supplied with upland surface water from the Rivington Aqueduct. The remaining part of the Abram Brow Ward, Bamfurlong and Plank Lane Wards are supplied with deep well water from the Board's wells at Golborne. The supply is constant, maintained at high pressure and chlorinated. The flouride content of the water supply is 0.13 mg/litre.

Two samples of water were submitted for bacteriological examination; The results indicated a safe and wholesome supply.

All dwellings within the district have a water supply piped to a tap inside the house.

#### Drainage and Sewerage.

Throughout the district separate systems of drainage are provided for foul sewage and surface water.

The sewage is treated at the Council's sewage works, in screening and settling tanks, and triple contact beds; the effluent obtained is discharged into Aye Brook.

The new sewer system is now fully operational but is at the present time still discharging into the old sewage works. They will eventually discharge into the new sewage works of Hindley U.D.C. at Platt Bridge which is at present under construction.

New drainage installations and alterations to existing drains are examined and tested as required.

# Rivers and Streams.

It has not been necessary to take any action in respect of the pollution of rivers and streams.

### Sanitary accommodation at the end of 1970.

Number	of	privy middens	4
11	of	closets attached to privy middens	4
		pail closets	7
H .	of	fresh water closets	2341
		moveable ashbins for refuse	2302
		houses on water carriage system	2219

Fresh water closets are provided for all new property erected within the district.

#### Public Cleansing.

Street scavenging and the removal of house refuse is carried out entirely by the Local Authority.

Ashbins are provided by the Local Authority, out of rate fund, and these are emptied weekly. Pails are emptied weekly and privies at intervals of two to three weeks; in each instance the structures are afterwards dusted internally with gammexane insecticide powder after emptying.

A driver and four to five loaders operating a Shelvoke and Drewry refuse vehicle are employed approximately four and a half days each week on the collection of refuse from shops and houses. The refuse is disposed of by controlled tipping and in order to reduce to a minimum any nuisance arising from this work, paper, rags, woollens, etc., are removed from the refuse during collection and at the tip face.

All workmen employed on refuse collection and recovery of salvage receive an incentive bonus.

# Materials Salvaged and Sold during the year.

	Tons.	Cwts.	Qrts.	Lbs.
Waste paper	36	- 4	1	5
Rags	-	12	<b>~</b>	18
Woollens	-	en#		-
Aluminium	-	1	-	_

#### Sanitary inspections of the area. 515 1796 256 Number of premises visited ...... of visits ...... 11 of nuisances discovered ...... 238 11 of nuisances abated ..... 11 of informal notices served ..... 11 6 of statutory notices served ...... 11 of legal proceedings ...... Nil Summary of Visits and Inspections during 1970. 24 Accumulation of Rubbish ...... Bakehouses ..... Caravans ...... 2 Closet conversions..... Dairies and Milkshops ...... 31 Dirty and Verminous houses and Problem families ...... 16 3 Ditches and Watercourses ...... Dwelling houses under Public Health Acts. Inspections .... 398 tt - 11 Revisits ..... 197 11 11 tt 29 Housing Acts. Inspections 11 75 Visits ..... 19 Drainage 58 Factories ...... Farms ..... 98 Food Hygiene Regulations ...... 10 Food preparing premises ...... 15 Fried fish shops ...... 8 Ice cream premises ...... 4 Infectious diseases inc. Food Poisoning and Dysentery ..... 6 Interviews with Owners, Agents, Contractors, etc...... 144 Licenced premises ...... 4 23 64 Milk samples ..... Miscellanous ..... 95 22 Offices ..... Outworkers ..... Overcrowding ...... Petroleum Regulations ...... Piggeries ...... Refuse Collection ...... 64 Refuse Disposal ...... 104 Rent Act. Inspections ....... 1 Visits ..... 1 Rodent Control ...... 39 Salvage ...... 29 Schools ..... 6 Shops Act Inspections ...... 98 Spoilbanks ...... Street Vendors and Hawkers ..... 4 Smoke Observations ...... 4 2 Water Samples ...... Water Supply ......

# Summary of Defects dealt with During 1970.

Defect	Found	*Remedied
HOUSING  Roofs leaking	25 11 7 12 28 - 11 19 4 6 2 1 10 7 - 1	20 11 6 11 22 - 9 16 4 5 2 1 11 5 - 1
DRAINAGE  Insanitary sinks	16 3 1 21 6 7 40	15 3 1 20 5 7 40
Water closet structure defective	6 7 5 - 11	6 7 5 -

<sup>\*</sup>Owing to some defects found in the preceding year not being remedied until this year, more defects are shown as remedied than found in some instances.

# Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963.

During the year all premises which have been registered under the Act were visited on at least two occasions. At the end of the year there were ten premises registered, mainly retail shops where persons are employed.

#### Shops Act, 1950.

All shops in the district are inspected twice annually on behalf of the Lancashire County Council which is the Shops Act authority, and the Urban District Council which is the Sanitary authority for the purposes of the Act.

98 inspections were made during the year.

#### Camping Sites.

There are no camping sites within the district and on those occasions when van dwellers of the gipsy type have made unauthorised use of land they have been quickly removed in view of their unclean habits. 8 visits were made during the year.

#### Clean Air Act, 1956.

Contact is maintained between the Public Health Inspector and the Works Managers with regard to smoke abatement and the provisions of the Act.

# Scrap Metal Dealers Act, 1964.

This Act came into operation on the 1st April, 1965 and made it compulsory for scrap metal dealers to be registered with the local authority.

At the end of the year six dealers and two itinerant collectors were registered.

# Swimming Baths and Pools.

There are none in the district.

# Disinfestation of Verminous Premises.

Sixteen premises found to be infected with vermin were sprayed with an insecticide containing 5 per cent D.D.T. and Pyrethrin; the initial treatments were followed up with a second spray and this method has proved to be sufficient.

# Offensive Trades.

No offensive trades are carried on in the district.

# Common Lodging Houses.

There are none in the district.

# Factories.

Eleven visits were paid to factories under the Factories Act, 1961, and conditions were found to be generally satisfactory.

# 1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health.

	No. on	Number of			
Premises	Register	Ins-	Written	Occupiers	
	62002	pections	notices	prosecuted	
1. Factories in which					
Sections 1,2,3,4 and					
6 are to be enforced					
by Local	2	2	_		
Authorities		_			
2. Factories not inclu-					
ded in (1) in which					
Section 7 is					
enforced by the Local	9	8			
Authority		0			
3. Other premises in					
which Section 7 is					
enforced by the Local					
Authority (excluding	1	7			
outworkers' premises)	7	-1-	-		
TOTAL:	12	11	_	_	
103.150		***			

# 2. Cases in which DEFECTS were found.

Market and the second s					3
	No. of ca	ses in which	defects wer	e found	No. of
		Referred			cases in
					which pro-
					secutions
			To. H.M.	By H.M.	were ins-
Particulars	Found	Remedied	Inspector	Inspector	tituted
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	-	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding (S.2)	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable tempt.(S.3)	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate vtltn. (S.4)	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffctve. drng. of					
floors (S.6)	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary cnvcs. (S.7)					
(a) Insufficient	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or def.	2	2	-	-	-
(c) Not.sep.for sexes.		-	-	-	-
Other offcs.against Act					
(not inc. offcs.reltg.				_	
to outwork).					

#### Canal Boats.

The only mooring wharf in the district is now used almost exclusively by the British Waterways engineers in connection with canal maintenance and no canal boats were inspected during the year.

#### Schools.

Water closet accommodation in all schools is of the fresh water type each with its own flushing cistern. Regular lime-washing of all conveniences is arranged for by the Education Authority.

During the year improvements have been made to the sanitary accommodation and cloakroom and washing facilities at schools in the district.

All schools in the area are supplied with water from the mains.

#### Rodent Control.

One trained part-time operator is employed on rodent control work approximately two days per week. The treatment of infestations found at dwelling houses is carried out free of charge but a charge is made for the treatment of business premises.

The annual 10 per cent test baiting of the sewerage system was carried out in the Spring and proved to be negative; the authority was then exempted from further sewer treatments during the year.

The sewage disposal works and refuse tips are treated systematically and infestations kept to a minimum.

The following table summarises the action relating to rodent control work during the year:-

(a)	No. of properties in district
(b)	Total number of properties (Including nearby premises) inspected following noticn.
(c)	No₄ of (b) infested by - rats mice
(d)	Total No. of properties inspected for rats and/or mice for reasons other than notification.
(a)	No. of (d) infested by - rats

Type of Property						
Non- agricultural	Agricultural					
2453	19					
246	7					
67	7					
18	-					
28	1					
24	1					
-	•					

mice

#### 4. HOUSING.

#### Housing Repair.

The township consists chiefly of working class houses built in terraces about seventy to eighty years ago and prior to the operation of building byelaw control.

Many of these houses are of the open kitchen and scullery type having two fair sized bedrooms or one large bedroom and two single bedrooms.

Factors contributing to the rapid deterioration of a large proportion of the privately owned dwelling houses in the district are mining subsidence which is responsible for some damage to structure and neglect over many years which has resulted in an accumulation of disrepair.

#### Housing Applications.

Some one hundred and fifty-six applications for council houses remain to be dealt with and of these forty seven are applicants not having a house of their own. The number of new applicants living in lodgings was eleven. It is however felt that the worst cases of overcrowding have been dealt with.

		HOUSING STATISTICS.	Houses		Flats
(1)	Number of	new houses erected during the year			11205
		By the local authority			Nil Nil Nil
(2)	authority	per of dwellings owned by any local		815	
(3)	Inspection	ns of dwellings during the year:-			
	(i) (a)	Total number of dwellings inspects formally or informally for housing defects (under Public Health or			
		Housing Acts)	•	177	
	•	No. of inspections, formal or informal, made for the purpose		732	
	(c)	No. of dwellings in (a) above four to be not in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation			
		but capable of being rendered fit.		73	

(ii) Total No. of dwellings existing at end of year, occupied or not, which were unfit for human habitation and not capable at reasonable expense of being rendered fit and in respect of which -

(a) Demolition, Clearance or Closing
Orders have been made (at any time) .... 23

(4) Houses Demolished:- In or adjoining clearance areas:	Houses Demolished	1	olaced ng Year Families
(1) Houses unfit for human habitn.	Nil	Nil	Nil
(2) Houses included by reason of bad arrangements, etc	Nil	Nil	Nil
(3) Houses on land acquired under Sect.43(2), Housing Act, 1957	Nil	Nil	Nil
Not in or adjoining clearance areas:  (4) As a result of formal or informal procedure under Sec.  17(1), Housing Act, 1957	5	11	5
(5) Local Authority owned houses certified unfit by the Medical Officer of Health	Nil	Nil	Nil
(6) Houses unfit for human habitn. where action has been taken under local Acts	Nil	Nil	Nil
(7) Unfit houses included in Unfitness Orders	Nil	Nil	Nil
(5) Unfit Houses Closed:-	Number		
(1) Under Sect.16(4),17(1) and 35(1), Housing Act, 1957	9	30	8
(2) Under Sect.17(3) and 26, Housing Act,1957	Nil	Nil	Nil
(3) Parts of buildings closed under Sect.18, Housing Act, 1957.	Nil	Nil	Nil
(6) Unfit Houses Made Fit and houses in which Defects were Remedied:-			y Local
(1) After informal action by local a (2) After formal notice under:	uthority	Owner A	uthority -
(a) Public Health Acts	1957	Nil Nil	Nil Nil
(3) Under Sect. 24, Housing Act, 195	7	1	-

(7) Infit houses in Man		1		3.7	
(7) Unfit houses in Temporary Use (Housing Act, 1957):-		Num	ber f		of separate
(3000011)		hous			clumn (1)
Position at end of year:-	1		1)		(2)
(1) Retained for temporary accomm	odation:				
(a) Under Section 48		N	il		Nil
(b) Under Section 17 (2)		N	il		Nil
(c) Under Section 46		N	il		Nil
(2) Licensed for temporary occupa	tion				
under Section 34 or 53		И	il		-
(8) Purchase of Houses by Agreement:-			mber		of occupants
	1		of uses	(1).	es in Column
		1	(1)	(1).	(2)
Houses in Clearance Areas other t	han		` /		
those included in confirmed clear					
Orders or Compulsory Purchase Ord	,		NT - T		NT: 7
purchased during the year	• • • • • • •		Nil		Nil
(9) Housing (Financial Provisions) Act, 1958 and Housing Act, 1969 -					s or other schemes of
Improvement grants, etc.	Owner			Others	Local
Action during year:-	Occupi	ed		V1102 D	Authority
(i) submitted by private individuals to local					
authority	3			Nil	-
(ii) approved by local authority	1			Nil	•
(iii) submitted by local authority to Ministry	Nil			Nil	Nil
(iv) finally approved by Ministry	Nil			Nil	Nil
(v) work completed	Nil			Nil	Nil
(vi) additional separate dwellings included in (v) above	Nil			Nil	Nil
(vii)any other action taken unde Improvement Areas	r the Act			eneral	Nil

(10) House Purchase and Housing Act, 1959 and Housing Acts, 1961, 1964 and 1969.	No. of awellings or other buildings affected.		
Standard Grants: Action During Year:-	owner/ occupier	Others	
(i) Applications submitted to local authority for improvement to full standard	26	9	
(ii) Applications submitted to local authority for improvement to reduced standard	Nil	Nil	
(iii) Applications approved by local authority for improvement to:  (a) full standard	24 Nil	7 Nil	
(iv) Work completed	18	7	

# 5. INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

# (a) Milk Supply.

An adequate supply of milk is produced within, or brought into, the district.

The Milk (Special Designation) (Specified Areas) (No.2) Order, 1958 came into operation on the 1st October, 1958. The order specifies Abram as an area within which milk sold by retail must be "specially designated" milk (i.e. "pasteurised", "sterilised" or "untreated" milk).

During 1970, 64 samples of milk were submitted for bacteriological and tuberculosis-biological examination; the results were as follows:-

	RESULTS					
	No. of Samples	Satis.	Un- Satis.	No Result.		
(a) Raw Milk -						
(i) Tuberculosis - biological test.	14	10	-	4		
(ii) Methylene Blue reduction test.	14	12	-	2		
(iii) Brucellosis - Ring Test	56	41	11	4		
(iv) Brucellosis - Culture Test	12	8	4	-		
(b) "Heat treated" milk - "Pasteurised" -						
(i) Phosphatase test	2	2	-	-		
(ii) Methylene Blue reduction test.	2	2		-		
"Sterilised"						
(iii) Turbidity test	1	1	-			

The Milk and Dairies (General) Regulations 1959
The Milk (Special Designation) Regulations 1963.

The Lancashire County Council, being the food and drugs authority for the district, are now responsible for the issuing of licenses under the above regulations. During 1967 they issued a new type of comprehensive licence to cover the sale of prepacked milks for a period of 3 to 5 years and issued 34 licenses for the sale of the following, viz:-

Untreated, Pasteurised and Sterilised Milk.

#### (b) Meat and Other foods.

Most of the meat retailed in the district has been purchased off the hook at licensed slaughterhouses in the Wigan and Liverpool areas.

There are no slaughterhouses, restaurants or hotels in the district.

Routine inspections are made of meat shops, etc. and the Food Hygiene Regulations are enforced.

No legal proceedings were necessary during the year.

#### (c) Food Inspection.

During the year a small quantity of various foods were found to be unfit for human consumption; these were all voluntarily surrendered and disposed of by burying or incineration.

# (d) Food premises.

The following tables show (i) the number of food premises by type and (ii) those food premises which must be registered under the Lancashire County Council (General Powers) Act, 1938.

# (i) No. of Food Premises by type of business.

General grocers and provision dealers	17
Greengrocers and fruiteres (incl. those selling	
wet fish, game, etc.)	2
Fishmongers (incl. those selling poultry, game, etc.)	Nil
Meat shops (Butchers, purveyors of cooked and	
preserved meats, tripe etc.)	2
Bakers and/or confectioners	2
Fried fish shops	7
Shops selling mainly sugar confectionery, minerals,	
ice cream etc	Nil
Licensed premises, clubs, canteens, restaurants,	
cafes, snack bars and similar catering	
establishments	12

# (ii) No. of Food Premises by type of business registered under the Lancashire County Council (General Powers) Act, 1938.

Type of Business.	No. registered at 31.12.70.	No. of inspections of registered premises during year.
Manufacture and sale of sausages and other meat products	2	4
Storage and sale of ice cream	19	8
Hawkers - fruit and vegetables storage premises	4	4

# (e) Ice Cream (Heat Treatment etc.) Regulations, 1959 - 1963.

No ice cream is manufactured within the district. All ice cream sold in shops is manufactured by reputable firms and is pre-wrapped.

Routine inspection of retail shops was carried out.

# (f) Food Sampling, Adulteration, etc.

The County Council is the authority responsible for carrying out the provisions of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955 relating to food sampling and I am indebted to the County Medical Officer of Health for particulars of the undermentioned food samples taken in this district during the year, and submitted for analysis.

A total of 22 samples was obtained comprising 16 milks ( of which 3 were Channel Island milk) and six others as follows:-

- 1 Brandy
- 3 Whisky
- 1 Gin
- 1 Rum

After submission for examination by the County Analyst all the above samples were reported to be genuine.

#### (g) Clean Food.

The Public Health Inspector has made frequent visits to food premises and there appears to have been a general improvement in the standard of hygiene observed by persons engaged in the industry. The practice of selling soil vegetables and such articles as firewood and firelighters alongside other foods has now virtually ceased.

# (h) Food Hygiene (General) Regulations, 1970.

The work of implementing the Food Hygiene Regulations has proceeded satisfactorily during the year and discussion with shopkeepers regarding the effect of the regulations was carried out.

Much of the work carried out during the year was done voluntarily.

No formal action was taken.

#### (i) Licensed Premises.

During the year further representations have been made to the owners of licensed premises in respect of the provision of new sanitary accommodation including washing facilities.

The importance of glass sterilisation continues to be emphasised.

# (j) Food Poisoning.

No cases of food poisoning were notified during the year.

# (k) Liquid Egg (Pasteurisation) Regulations, 1963.

There are no egg pasteurisation plants in the district.

# (1) Poultry Inspection.

There are no poultry processing premises within the district.

# 6. CONTROL AND PREVALENCE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE.

Cases of infectious disease requiring hospital treatment are removed to Whelley Hospital and Astley Sanatorium.

The number of cases of notifiable diseases rose from 21 in 1969 to 33 in 1970 mainly due to cases of measles rising from 14 (1969) to 31 (1970).

One case of respiratory tuberculosis and one non-respiratory tuberculosis were also notified during the year.

Supplies of Diphtheria Anti-toxin are kept at the Divisional Health Office and at the local Hospitals; this is always available to medical practitioners.

Free immunisation against Diphtheria, whooping cough and tetanus and vaccination against smallpox and polionyelitis is provided for any pre-school or school child and is performed by the general medical practitioner or by the Medical Officer at the Child Welfare Clinic.

The following statistics show the number of children under 16 years of age who were immunised and vaccinated during the year:-

	Primary	Reinforcement.
Diphtheria	156	18
Whooping cough	133	10
Tetanus	155	18
Poliomyelitis	166	18
Measles	77	ing.

No preliminary tests and no post Schick tests were undertaken.

No local action has been taken with regard to the use of measles serum for prophylaxis or attenuation, and there are no existing facilities for the typing of pneumocci and for the provision of appropriate type serum.

The general standard of cleanliness in the district remains high; the few cases of head lice dealt with at the clinic were successfully treated with D.D.T. emulsion.

#### Disinfection.

Disinfection of premises and infected materials is carried out by the staff of the Public Health Department.

Where cases of infectious disease have occurred, premises are dealt with on release from isolation, or removal to hospital, or in the event of death.

Formaldehyde solution is used for the disinfection of premises; articles which are infected or have been exposed to infections are similarly dealt with or disinfected by steam, or destroyed, according to the nature or value of the article.

Steam sterilisation facilities are available at Hindley U.D.C. depot by arrangement with the Council.

CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE NOTIFIED DURING 1970

TOTAL:	Other forms of tuberculosis	Respiratory tuberculosis	Measles	DISEASE	NOTIFIABLE
33	<b> </b>	Н	31	at all ages	Total Cases
N	1	1	2	Und er	
6		1	6	ры 1	
ω.	1	ı	ω	2_	Age
4	ı	1	4	Ψ	otal pe
5	ı	1	5	4-	tal Cases N periods in
12	Г	'	}d }d	5-9	es N
•	1	1	•	10-	유
1		1	1	15-24	ified. years.
put .	ı	سر	ı	15-Over 24 25	
1	ŧ	ı	ı	Age Unknown.	

#### Tuberculosis.

The treatment of Tuberculosis is under the control of the Regional Hospital Board and cases in Abram attended the Chest Clinic situated at Millgate, Wigan, as out-patients, or are admitted to an appropriate hospital for special treatment.

During 1970, one new case of respiratory tuberculosis and one of non-respiratory tuberculosis were notified; one death was recorded.

Notification of the disease in the district is quite satisfactory and no action has been necessary under Section 172 of the Public Health Act, 1936 relating to the compulsory removal to hospital of tuberculosis patients.

New Cases of Tuberculosis in Age Groups.

A	Age Periods.			Respiratory		Non Respiratory	
Years:				M.	F.	М.	F.
1- 3-	• • • • • • • •			-	600 600	 -	000 000
5- 10- 15-	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •		000 000	1 -	 
20 <b>-</b> 25 <b>-</b>		• • • • • • • • •		4000	···	***	••
30 <b>-</b> 45 <b>-</b> 55 <b>-</b>	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	-	1	-	-
65-	• • • • • • •	•••••		***	_	-	<u></u>
				±	1	1	-
		Total:	• • • •	1		1	

There is no evidence of any excessive incidence of, or mortality from tuberculosis, in any particular occupation in the district.

# Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1925.

No action was taken under these regulations relating to tuberculous employees in the milk trade.

#### Cancer.

Seventeen deaths (twelve males and five females) were certified as due to cancer during the year, compared with seventeen in 1969.

Facilities for radium treatment are available to Abram residents at the Radium Institute, Manchester and at Wigan Infirmary.

#### National Assistance Act, 1948.

No action was taken during the year under Section 47 of this Act.

